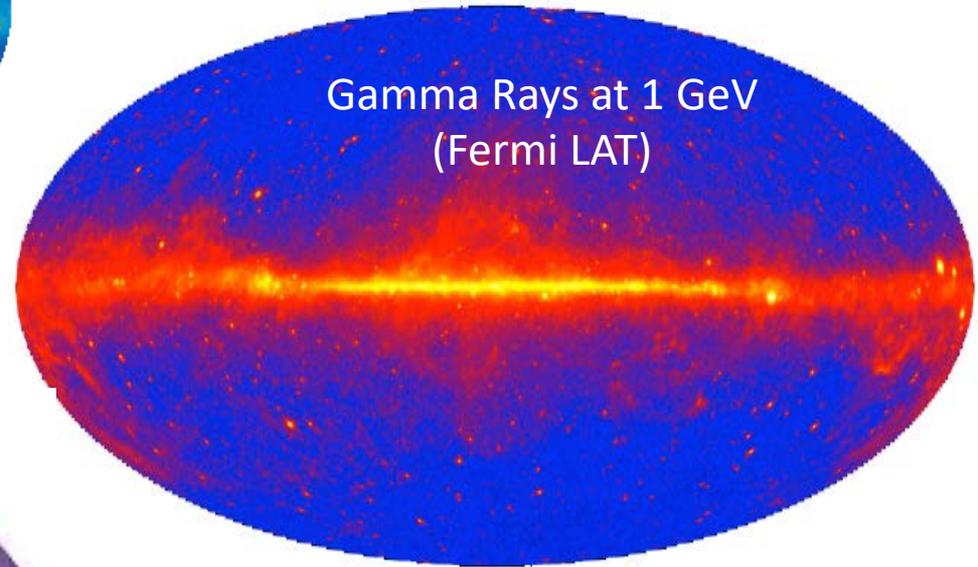
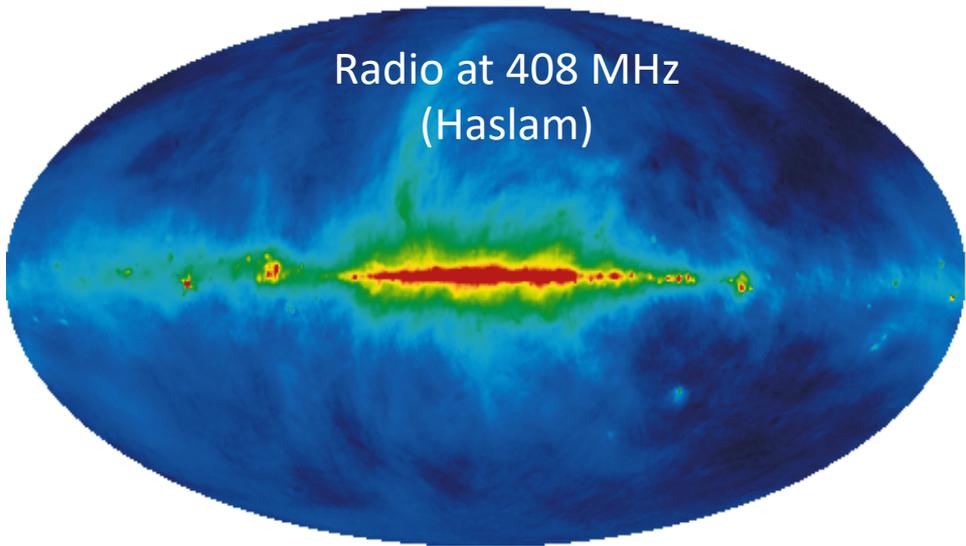
An underwater photograph showing a stingray resting on a sandy seabed. The water is clear and blue, with sunlight filtering through, creating a shimmering pattern on the sand. In the background, several sharks are visible swimming near the surface.

# The Galactic Non-Thermal Diffuse Emission: An Annoying Foreground or a Useful Tool?

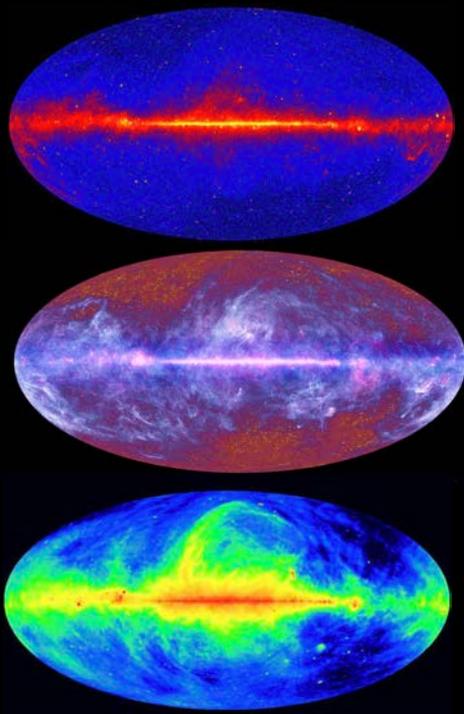
Elena Orlando

**PACIFIC 2024**

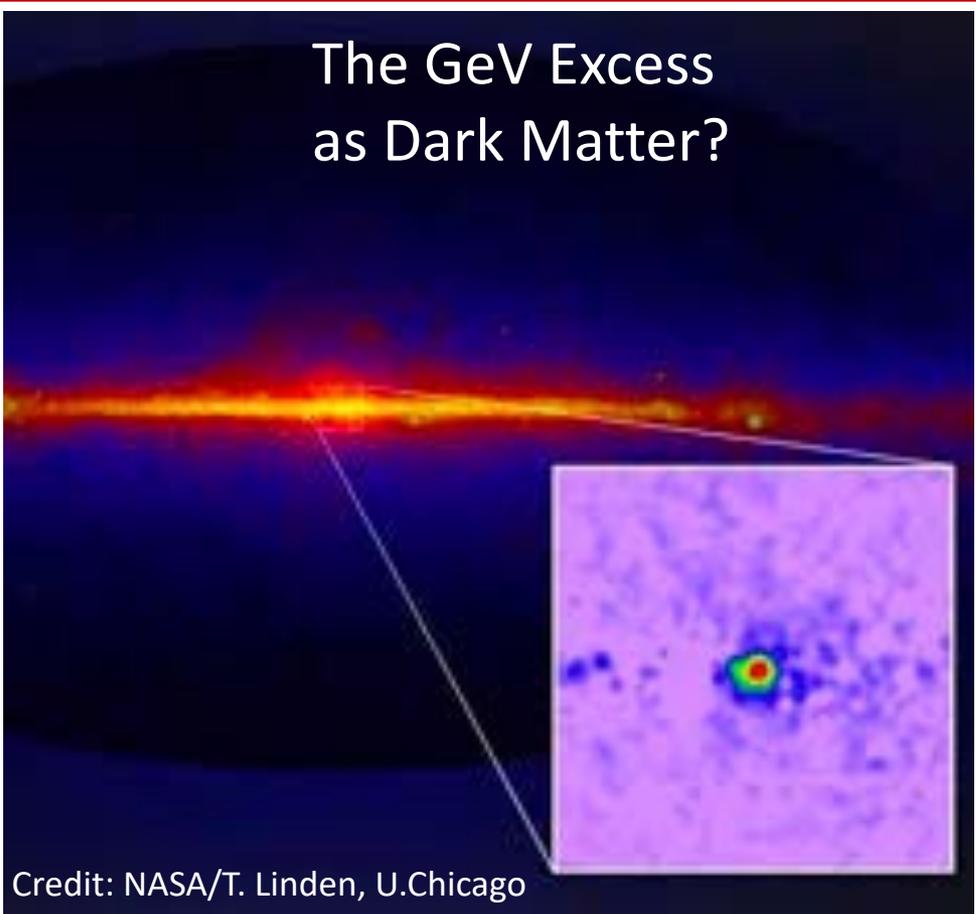
# All-Sky Maps



# The Galactic Non-Thermal Diffuse Emission

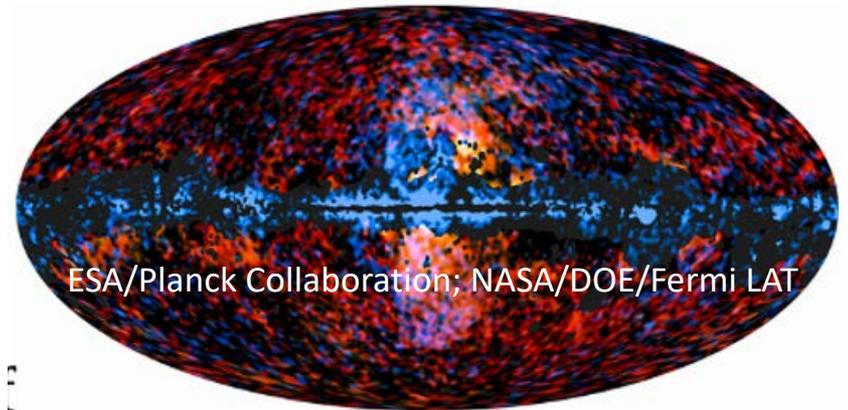


# The GeV Excess as Dark Matter?

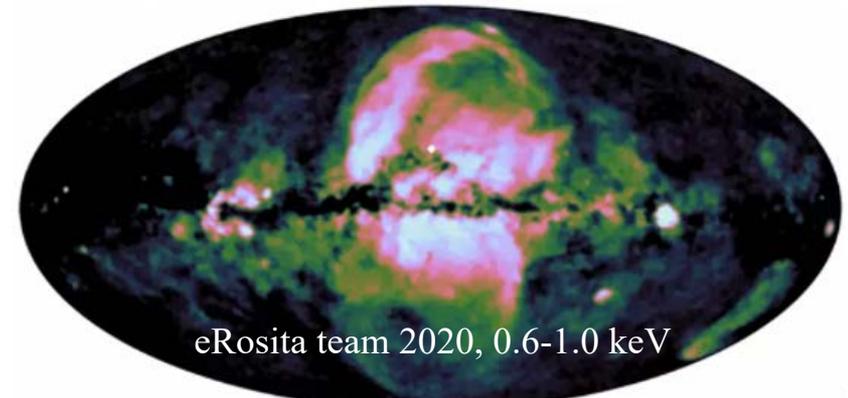


Credit: NASA/T. Linden, U.Chicago

# Fermi Bubbles/Planck Haze /eRosita Bubbles as past AGN activity?

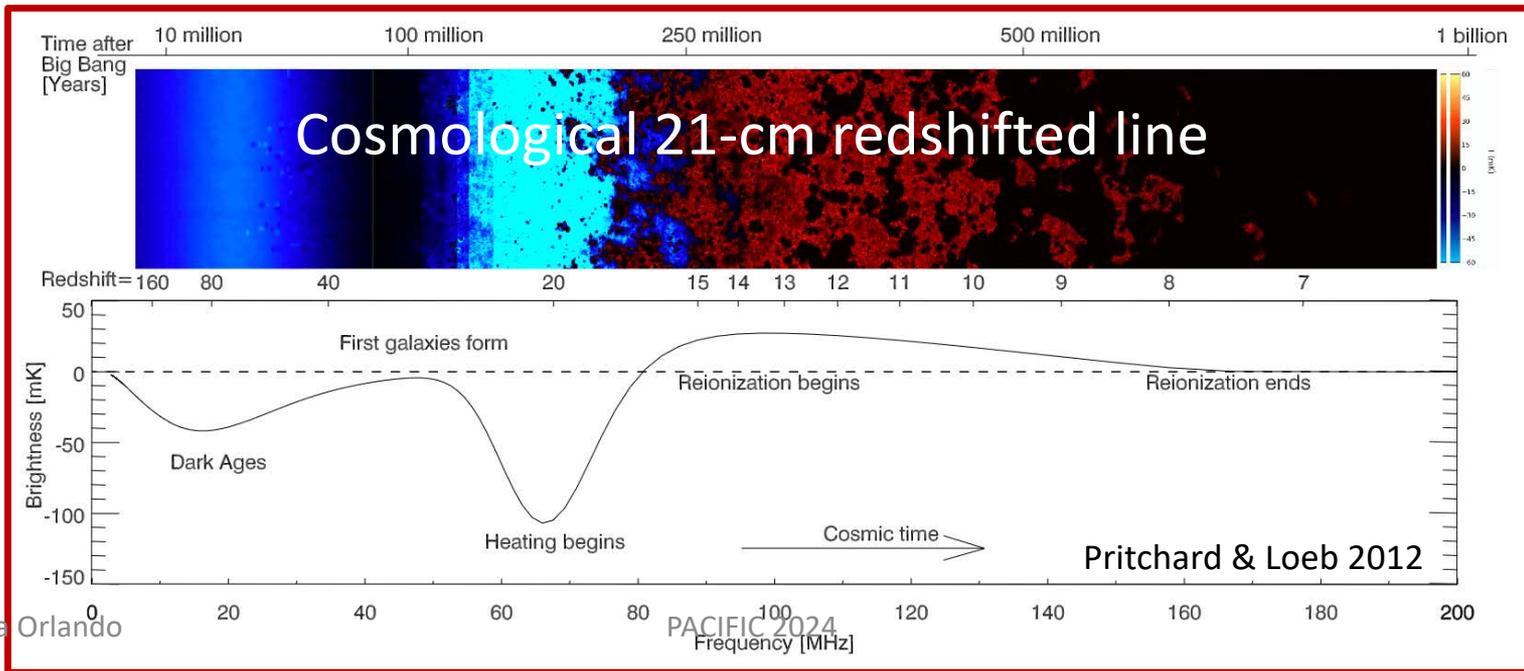
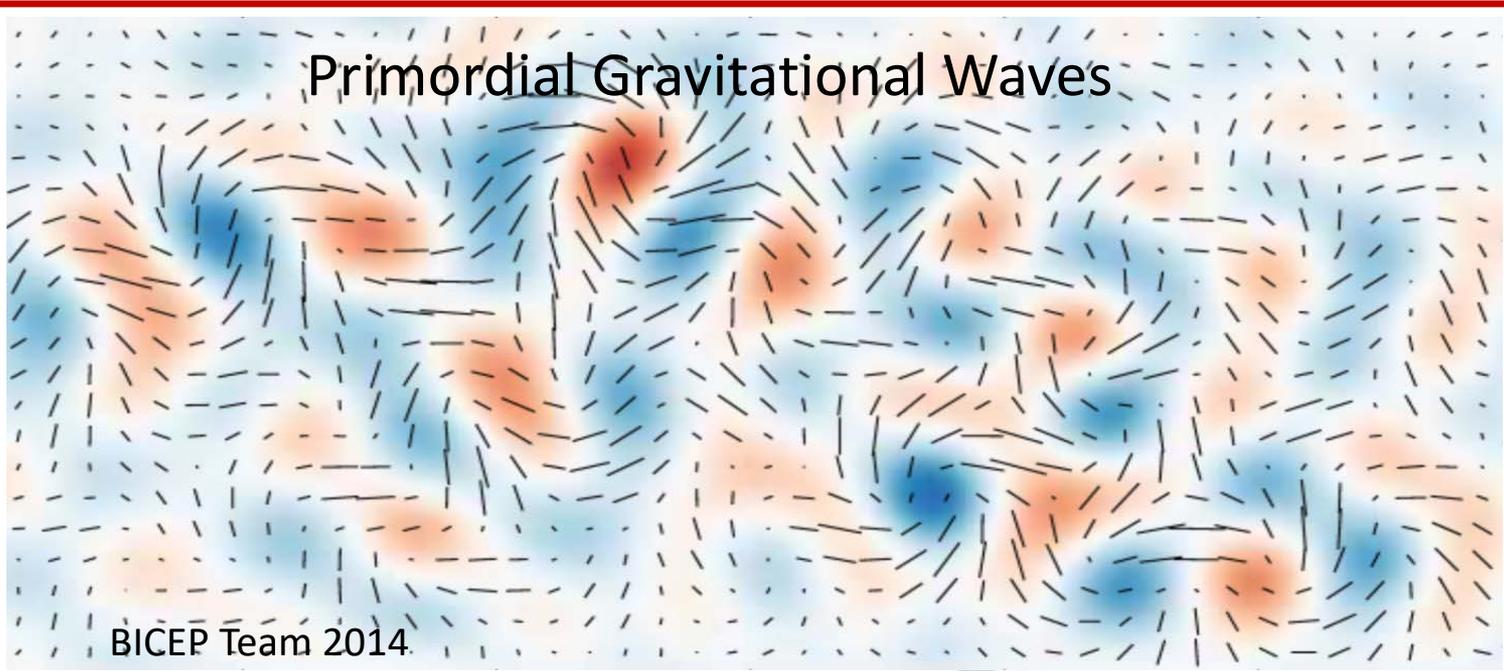


ESA/Planck Collaboration; NASA/DOE/Fermi LAT

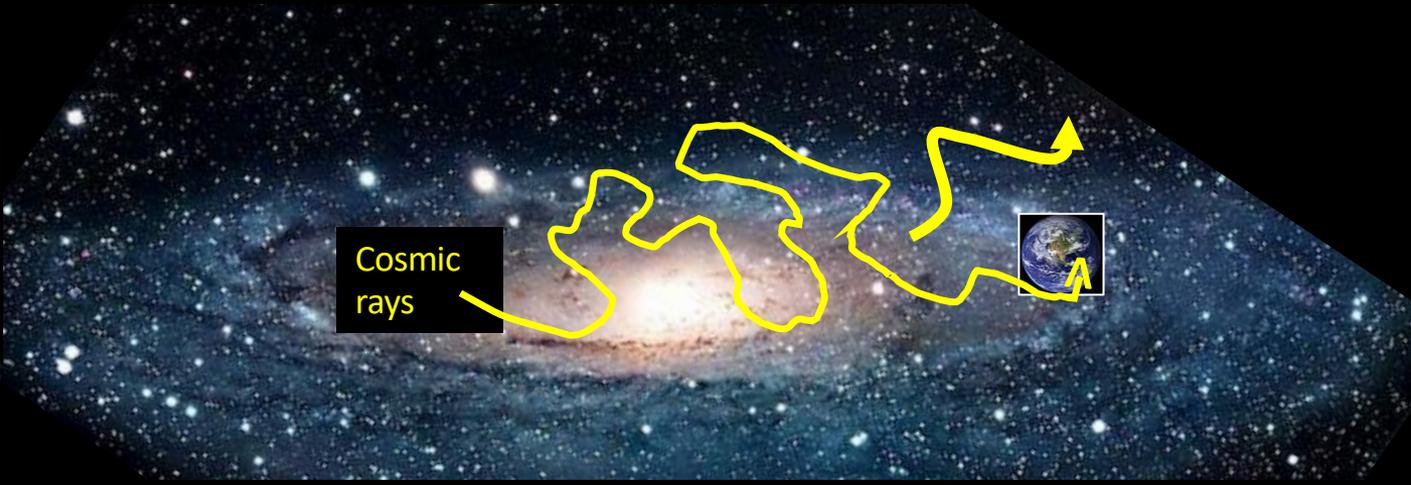
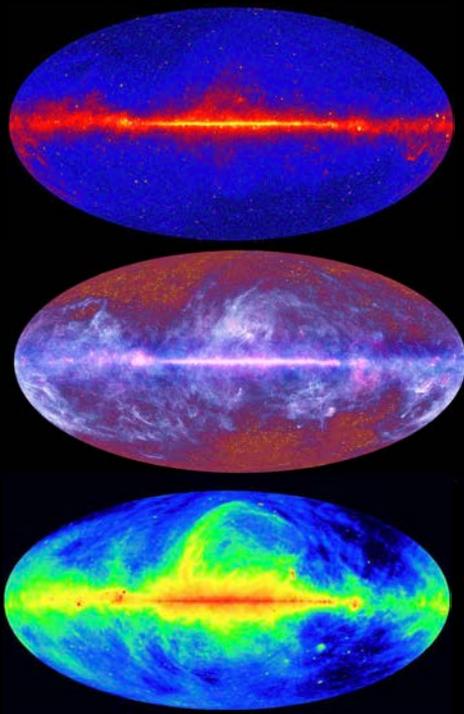


eRosita team 2020, 0.6-1.0 keV

# Primordial Gravitational Waves



# The Galactic Non-Thermal Diffuse Emission



# Cosmic-Ray (CR) Propagation

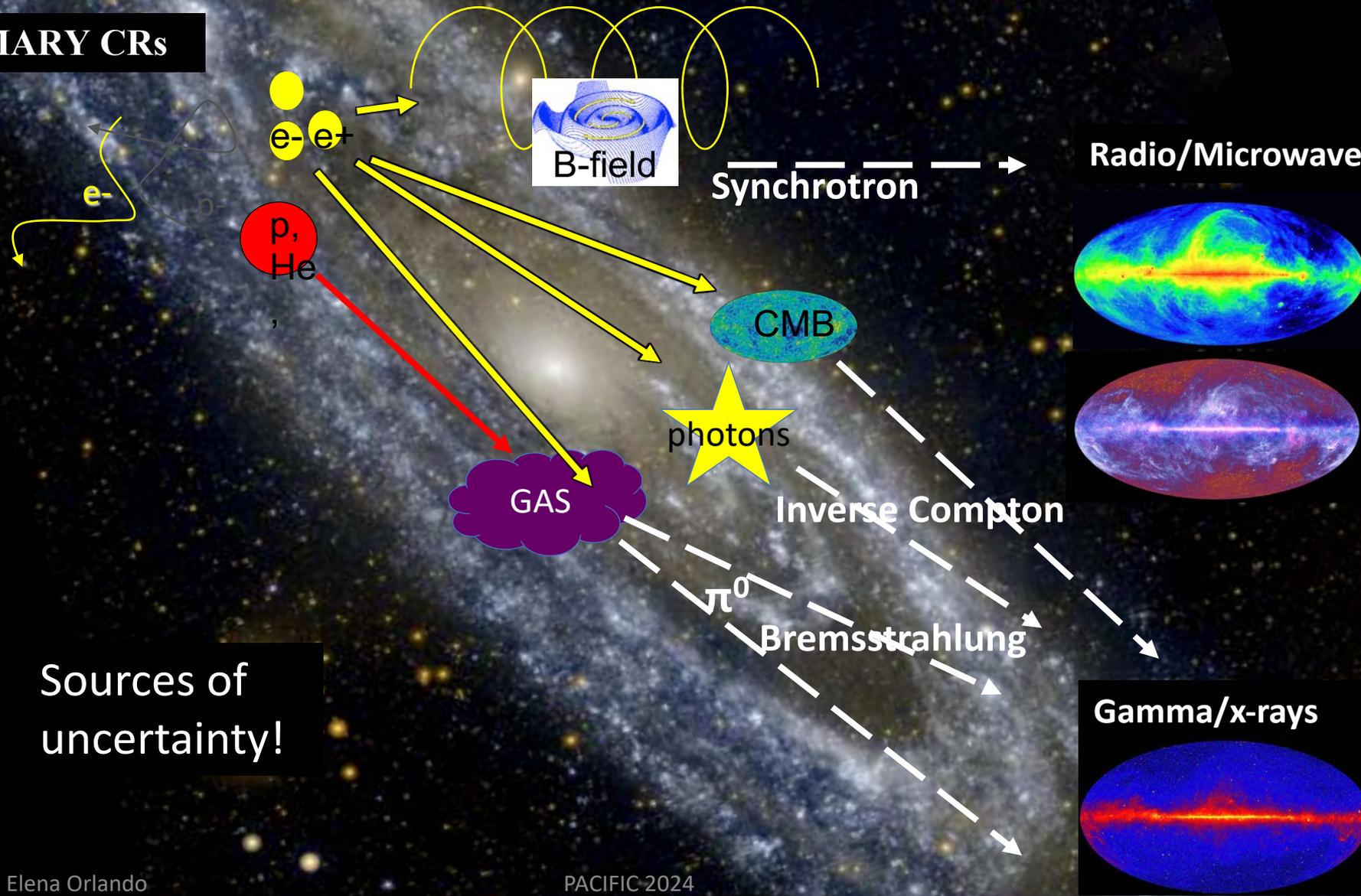


CR

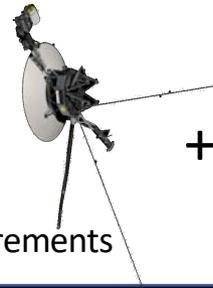
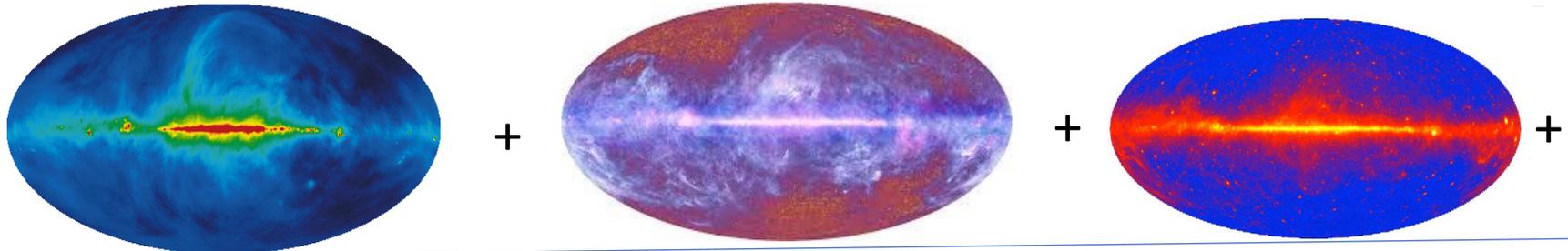


# The Galactic Non-Thermal Diffuse Emission

PRIMARY CRs



# Our Multimessenger Approach for Diffuse Emission, CR, and B-Field



Cosmic Rays Measurements



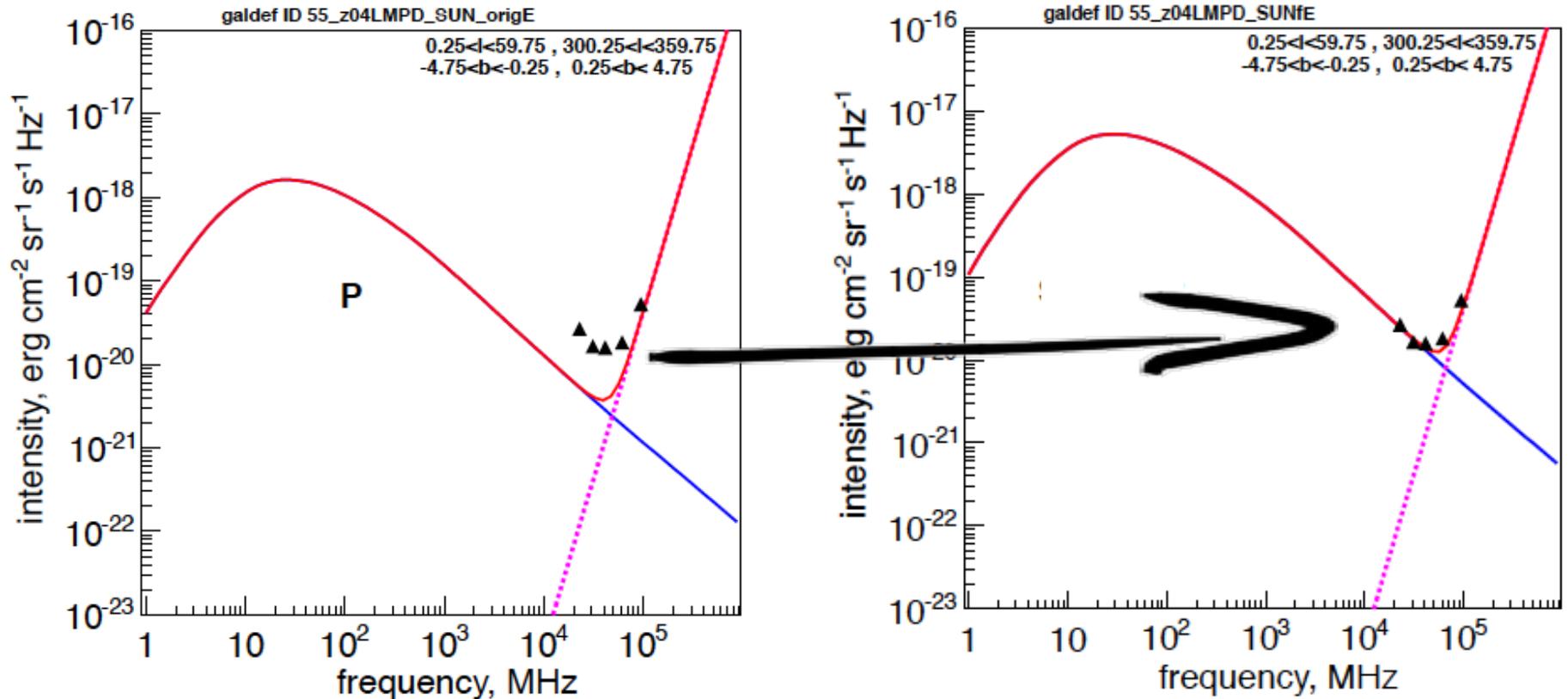
Modeling

+ Independent observations  
of B-field and ISM

A selection of the most significant results with this approach

# R1: Evidence of Anisotropic Component of the Galactic B-field

*Orlando & Strong (2013)*

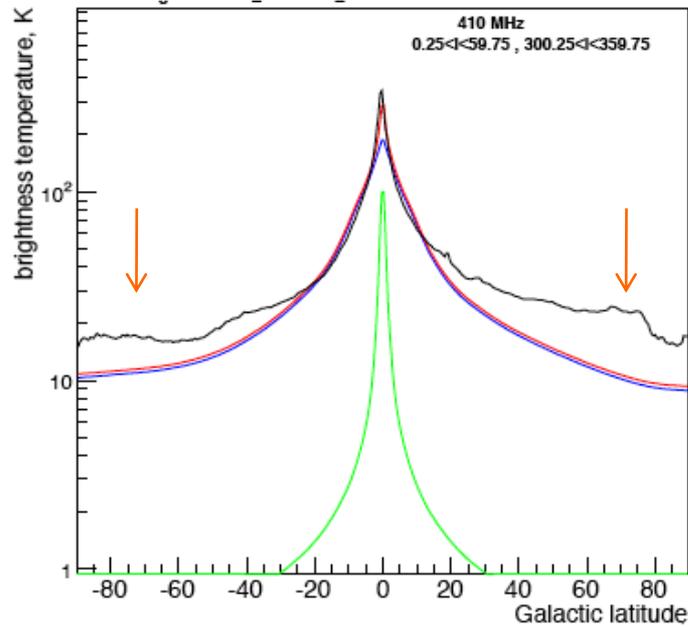


\*The best synchrotron spectral model was used for generating the Planck component maps officially released by the Planck Consortium

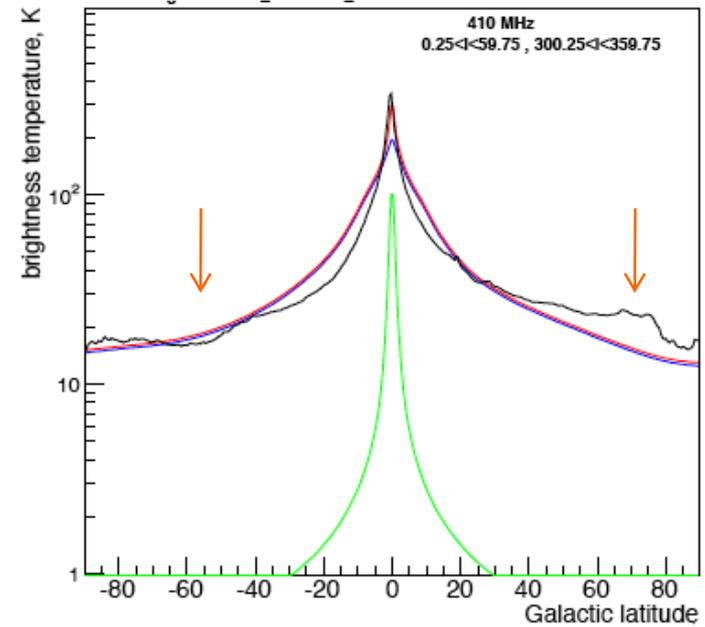
# R2: Large Halo or Something Else?

*Orlando & Strong (2013)*

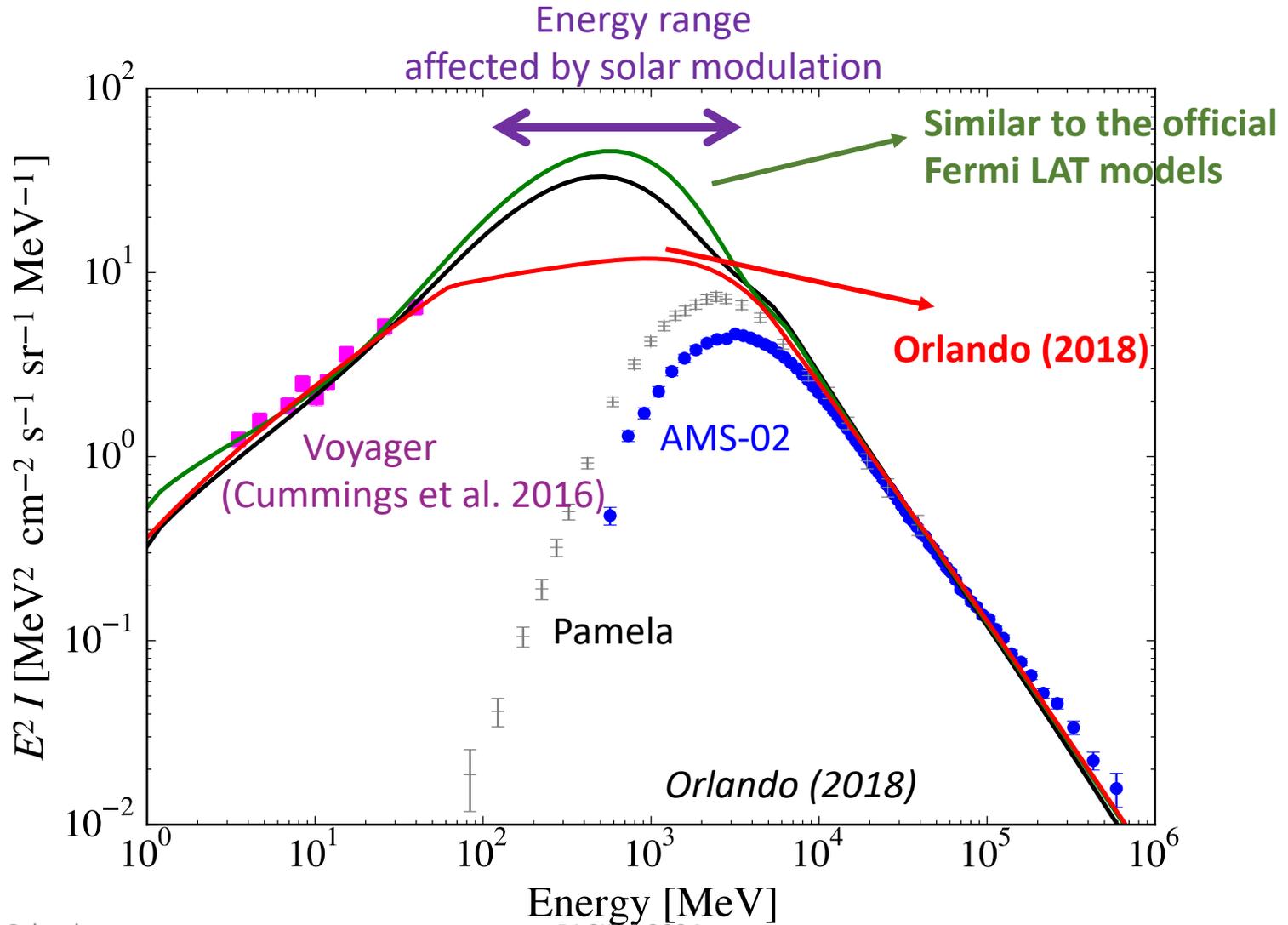
**z = 4 kpc**



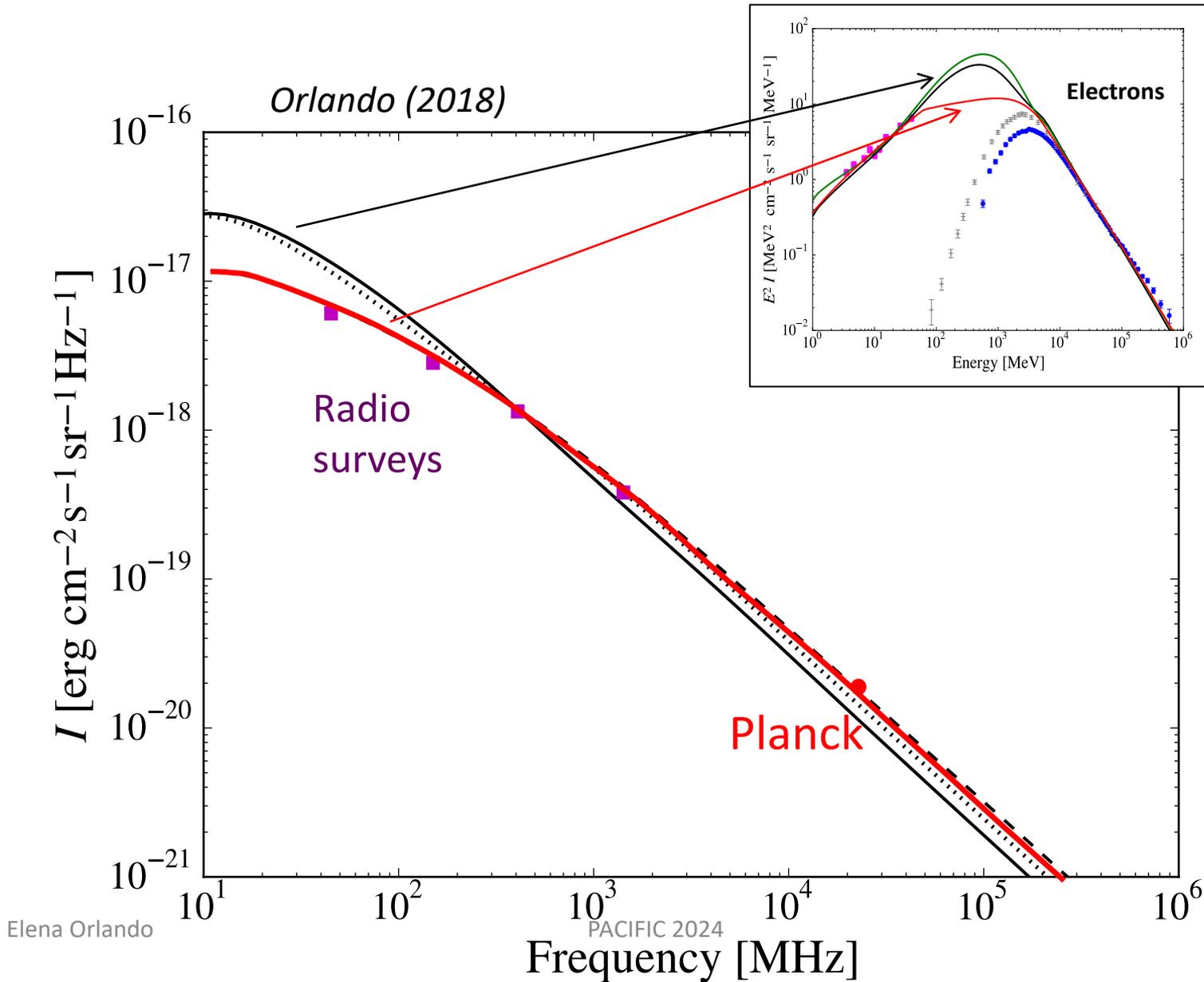
**z = 10 kpc**



# R3: Interstellar Electrons

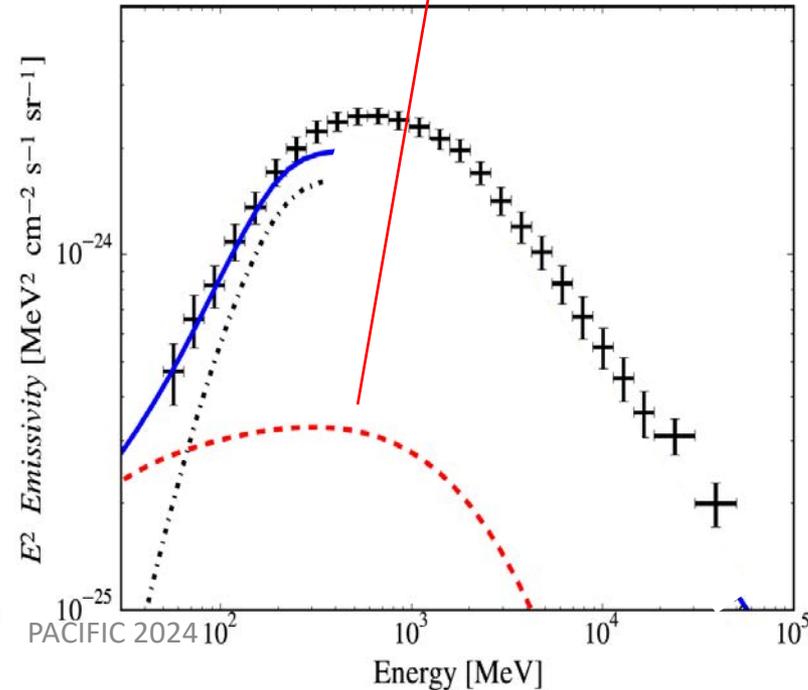
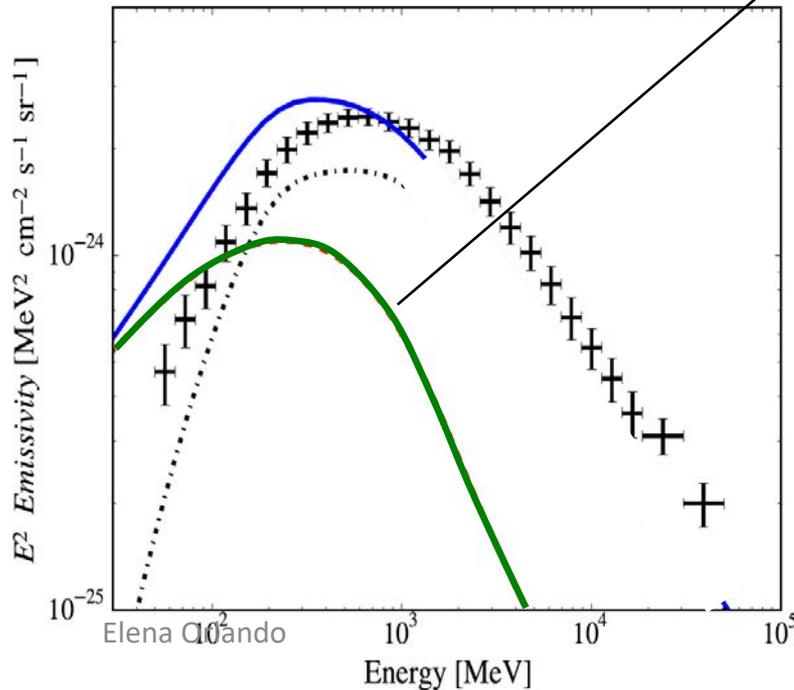
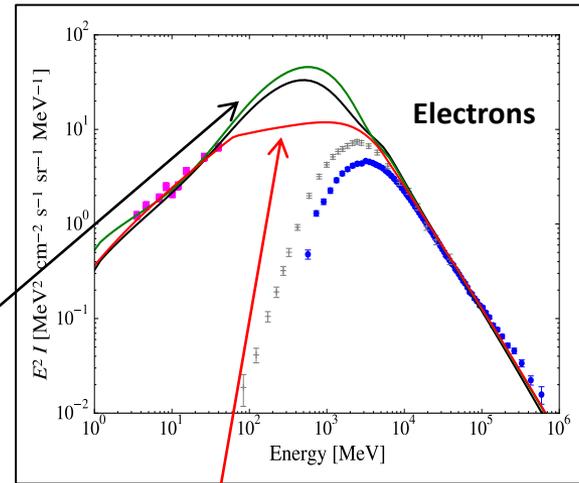


# R3: Interstellar Electrons from Synchrotron Data

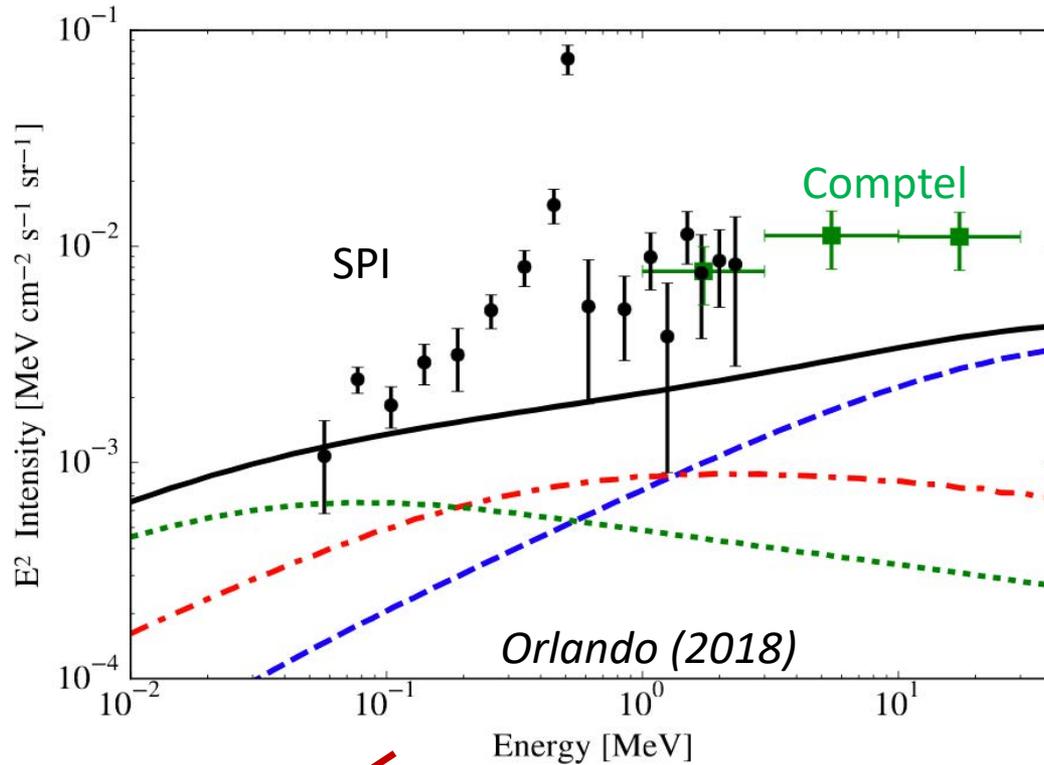


# R3: Interstellar Electrons from Gamma-Ray Data

*Orlando (2018)*

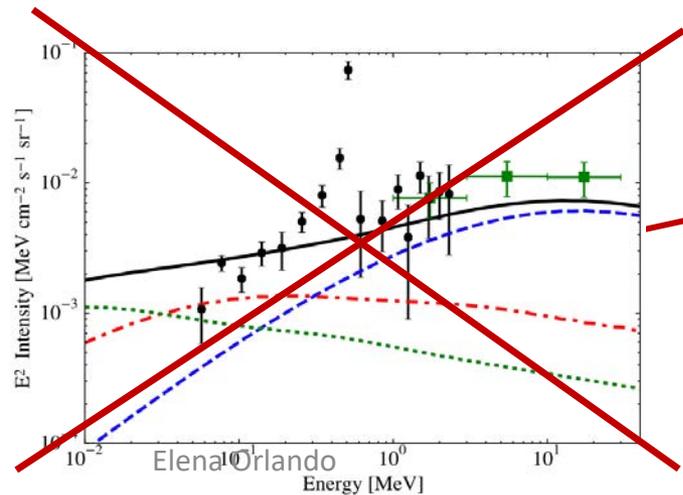


# R4: The MeV Excess



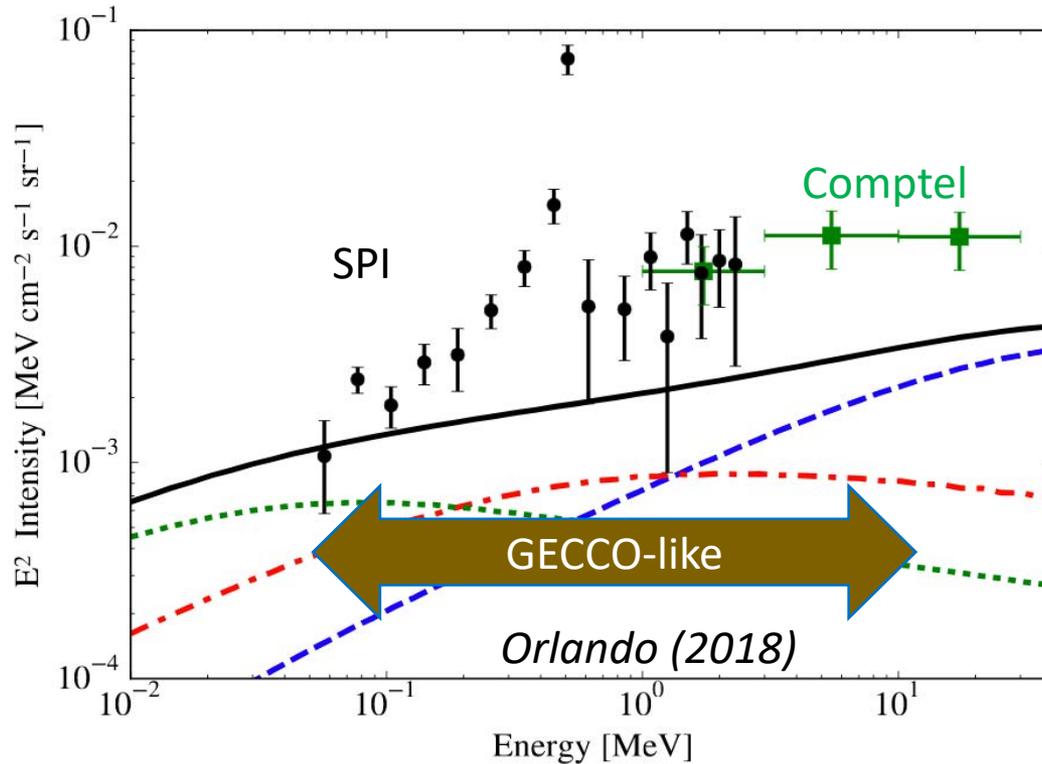
SPI data of the diffuse from  
*Bouchet et al., ApJ. 2011,*  
739,29

OK with Fermi and  
radio data!



It would overproduce Fermi and radio data!

# R4: The MeV Excess

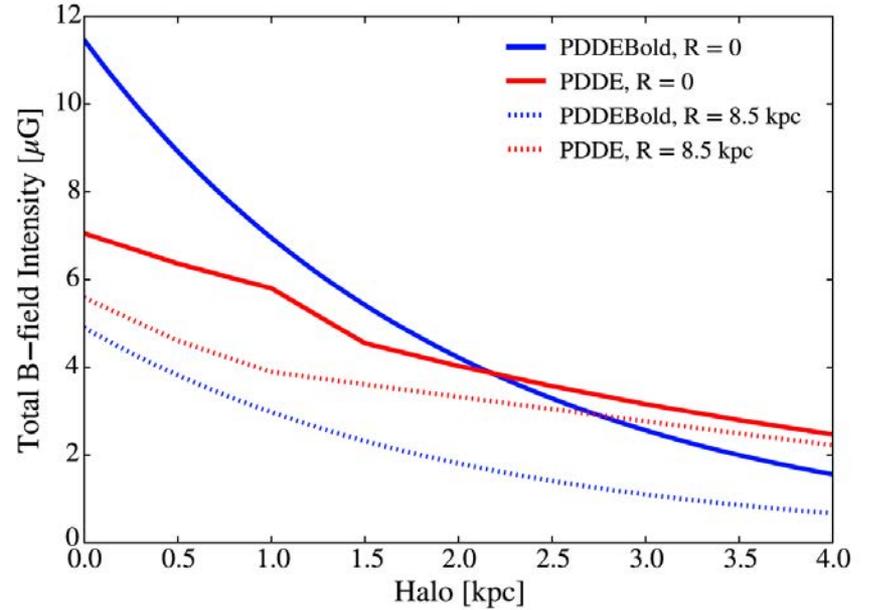
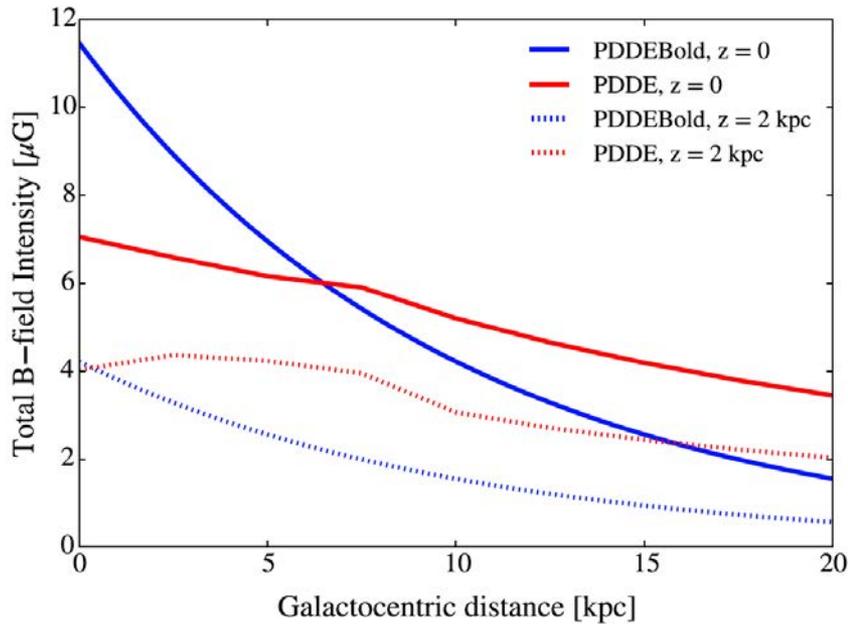


**Coded Aperture Mask  
+  
Compton Telescope**

*Orlando, Bottacini, Moiseev et al. (2022) JCAP 7, 36  
Instrument PI: Alex Moiseev  
Deputy PI: Eugenio Bottacini*

***See Eugenio's talk this conference***

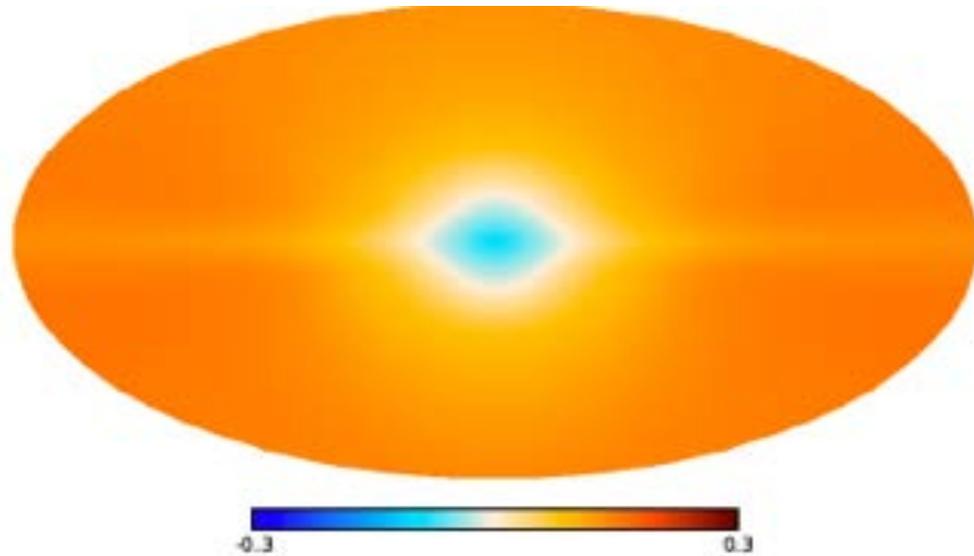
# R5: Total B-Field Intensity



*Orlando (2019)*

# R6: More Gammas Prediction in the Inner Galaxy

Model  
@10 GeV



~ 60%  
difference

*Orlando (2019)*

**Updated B-fields** produce a more peaked IC in the inner Galaxy than predicted by standard models and the difference increases with energy

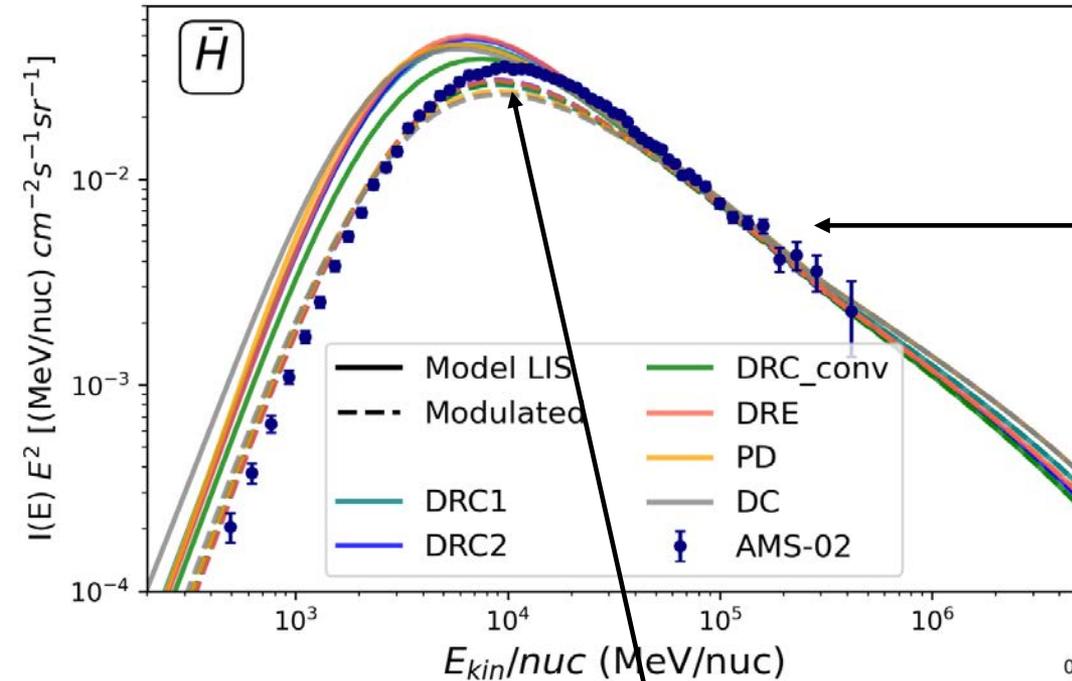
# R7: Revision of CR - Propagation



A simple propagation model works as well more complex ones

*Silver & Orlando (2024)*

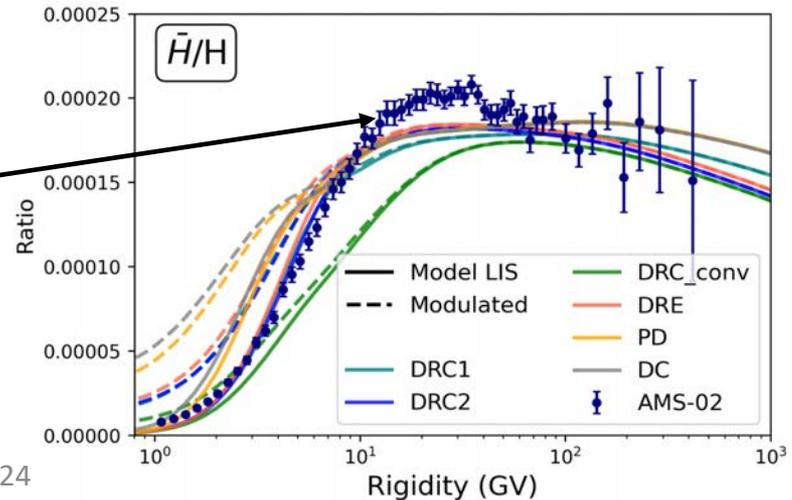
# R7: Revision of CR - Antiprotons



no need of a new source > 40 GeV

*Silver & Orlando 2024*

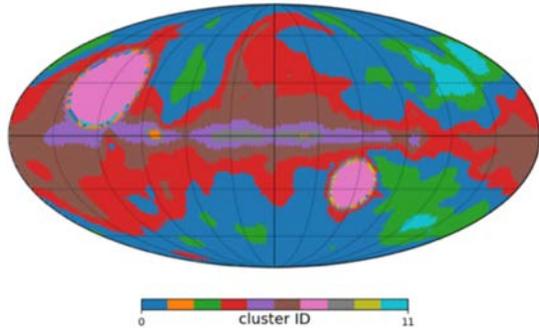
confirm the  $\sim 10$  GV excess for all scenarios



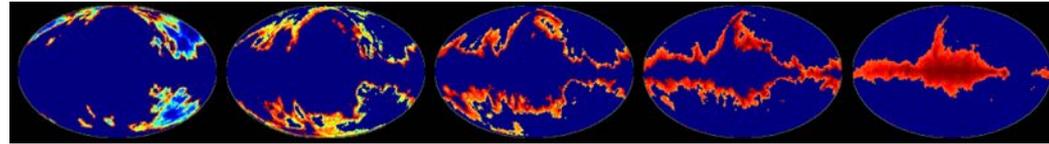
# Ongoing projects

- 1) Identification of spatial structures in intensity, residual, and spectral maps and their correlation (with student Omar Tait)

Hierarchical Clustering (HCA) algorithm

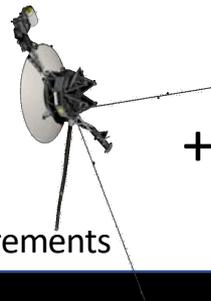
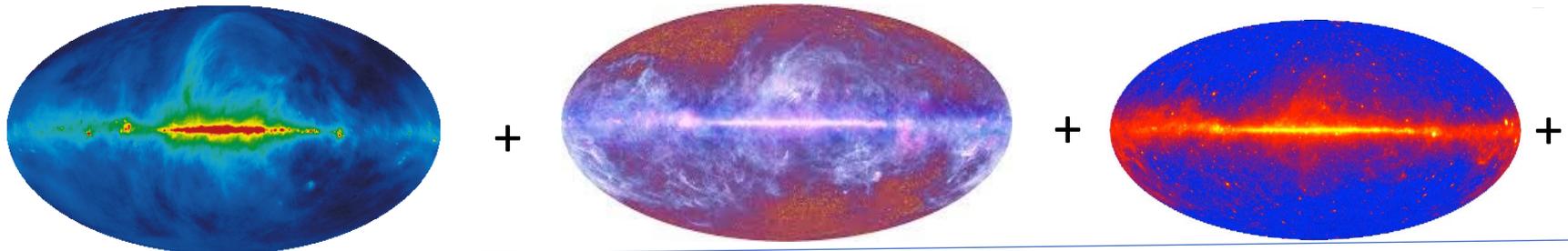


Bayesian Blocks



- 2) Machine Learning with CNN for Fermi source detection (with student Diana Horangic)

# My Multimessenger Approach for Diffuse Emission, CR, and B-Field



Cosmic Rays Measurements

+



Modeling

+

Independent observations  
of B-field and ISM

Thank you for your attention !